## Attachment 1 – State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009 compliance table

	Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
Part '	1 Preliminary				
3	Aims of Policy				
(a) (b)	to provide a consistent planning regime for the provision of affordable rental housing, to facilitate the effective delivery of new affordable rental housing by providing incentives by way of expanded zoning permissibility, floor space ratio bonuses and non-discretionary development standards,				The proposal is consistent with the aim of providing new affordable rental housing.
(c)	to facilitate the retention and mitigate the loss of existing affordable rental housing,				
(d)	to employ a balanced approach between obligations for retaining and mitigating the loss of existing affordable rental housing, and incentives for the development of new affordable rental housing,				
(e) (f)	to facilitate an expanded role for not-for- profit-providers of affordable rental housing, to support local business centres by				
(1) (g)	providing affordable rental housing for workers close to places of work, to facilitate the development of housing for				
(9)	the homeless and other disadvantaged people who may require support services, including group homes and supportive accommodation.				
Part 2	2 New Affordable Rental Housing				
	ion 3 Boarding Houses				
	se 26 – Land to which division applies				
(a) Z (b) Z (c) Z (d) Z (e) Z (f) Z (g) Z	Division applies to land within any of the ring land use zones or within a land use zone is equivalent to any of those zones:  one R1 General Residential, one R2 Low Density Residential, one R3 Medium Density Residential, one R4 High Density Residential, one B1 Neighbourhood Centre, one B2 Local Centre, one B4 Mixed Use.				The site is zoned R4 – High Density Residential under HLEP 2013 and as such, division 3 applies.
appli	se 27 - Development to which division es				
(1)	This Division applies to development, on land to which this Division applies, for the purposes of boarding houses.				The proposed development is a boarding house as defined in HLEP 2013.
28 C	Development may be carried out with ent	$\boxtimes$			
Deve	lopment to which this Division applies may be				This application seeks

29 Standards that cannot be used to refuse consent:  (1) A consent authority must not refuse consent to development to which this Division applies on the grounds of density or scale if the density and scale of the buildings when expressed as a floor space ratio are not more than:  (a) the existing maximum floor space ratio for any form of residential accommodation permitted on the land, or  (b) if the development is on land within a zone in which residential flat buildings are permitted and the land does not contain a heritage item, As such, the maximum floor space ratio for any form of residential accommodation permitted and the land does not contain a heritage item. As such, the maximum floor space ratio is a permitted and the land accommodation permitted on the land, plus:  (i) 0.5:1, if the existing maximum floor space ratio is 2.5:1 or less, or  (ii) 20% of the existing maximum floor space ratio is 2.5:1 or less, or  (ii) 20% of the existing maximum floor space ratio is 3.2:1 or less, or  (iii) 20% of the existing maximum floor space ratio is greater than 2.5:1.  (2) A consent authority must not refuse consent to development to which this Division applies on any of the following grounds:  building height of all proposed buildings is not more than the maximum building height permitted under another environmental planning instrument for any building on the land,  landscaped area  if the landscape treatment of the front setback area is compatible with the streetscape in which the building is located,  solar access	Clause		No	N/A	Comment
(1) A consent authority must not refuse consent to development to which this Division applies on the grounds of density or scale if the density and scale of the buildings when expressed as a floor space ratio are not more than:  (a) the existing maximum floor space ratio for any form of residential accommodation permitted on the land, or  (b) if the development is on land within a zone in which residential flat buildings are permitted and the land does not contain a heritage item that is identified in an environmental planning instrument or an interim heritage order or on the State Heritage Register—the existing maximum floor space ratio is 2.5:1 or less, or  (ii) 20% of the existing maximum floor space ratio is 2.5:1 or less, or  (iii) 20% of the existing maximum floor space ratio is 2.5:1 or less, or  (iii) 20% of the existing maximum floor space ratio is greater than 2.5:1.  (2) A consent authority must not refuse consent to development to which this Division applies on any of the following grounds:  building height  if the building height of all proposed buildings is not more than the maximum building height permitted under another environmental planning instrument for any building on the land,    □ □ □   The Height of Buildings Map indicates a maximum height of 15 m for this site.    □ □ □   The Height of Buildings Map indicates a maximum height of 15 m for this site.    □ □ □   The Height of Buildings Map indicates a maximum height of 15 m for this site.    □ □ □   The I andscape treatment of the front setback area is compatible with the streetscape in which the building is located.    □ □ □   The I andscape treatment of the front setback area is considered to be incompatible with the streetscape in which the building is located.    □ □ □   The I andscape treatment of the front setback area is considered to be incompatible with the streetscape in which the building is located.	carried out with consent.				consent.
(1) A consent authority must not refuse consent to development to which this Division applies on the grounds of density or scale if the density and scale of the buildings when expressed as a floor space ratio are not more than:  (a) the existing maximum floor space ratio for any form of residential accommodation permitted on the land, or (b) if the development is on land within a zone in which residential flat buildings are permitted and the land does not contain a heritage item that is identified in an environmental planning instrument or an interim heritage order or on the State Heritage Register—the existing maximum floor space ratio for any form of residential accommodation permitted on the land, plus:  (i) 0.5-1, if the existing maximum floor space ratio is 2.5:1 or less, or  (ii) 20% of the existing maximum floor space ratio is greater than 2.5:1.  (2) A consent authority must not refuse consent to development to which this Division applies on any of the following grounds:  building height  if the building height of all proposed buildings is not more than the maximum building height permitted under another environmental planning instrument for any building on the land,  landscaped area  if the landscape treatment of the front setback area is compatible with the streetscape in which the building is located,  The landscape treatment of the front setback area is compatible with the streetscape in which the building is located.  This is included as a reason for refusal in the draft determination.					
Interesting finalitinal books pace fathor to any form of residential accommodation permitted on the land, or	(1) A consent authority must not refuse consent to development to which this Division applies on the grounds of density or scale if the density and scale of the buildings when expressed as a floor				
space ratio is greater than 2.5:1.  (2) A consent authority must not refuse consent to development to which this Division applies on any of the following grounds:  building height  if the building height of all proposed buildings is not more than the maximum building height permitted under another environmental planning instrument for any building on the land,	any form of residential accommodation permitted on the land, or  (b) if the development is on land within a zone in which residential flat buildings are permitted and the land does not contain a heritage item that is identified in an environmental planning instrument or an interim heritage order or on the State Heritage Register—the existing maximum floor space ratio for any form of residential accommodation permitted on the land, plus:  (i) 0.5:1, if the existing maximum floor space ratio is 2.5:1 or less, or  (ii) 20% of the existing maximum floor				land within a zone in which residential flat buildings are permitted and does not contain a heritage item. As such, the maximum floor space ratio that applies is 1.2:1 + 0.5:1 = 1.7:1.  The proposed development has an FSR of 1.09:1 (462.2 m²/422.5 m²) which complies with
any of the following grounds:  building height  if the building height of all proposed buildings is not more than the maximum building height permitted under another environmental planning instrument for any building on the land,	space ratio is greater than 2.5:1.  (2) A consent authority must not refuse consent to				
if the building height of all proposed buildings is not more than the maximum building height permitted under another environmental planning instrument for any building on the land,					
more than the maximum building height permitted under another environmental planning instrument for any building on the land,	building height				
development has a height of 13.95 m which complies with the height standard.  Iandscaped area  if the landscape treatment of the front setback area is compatible with the streetscape in which the building is located,	more than the maximum building height permitted under another environmental planning instrument for	$\boxtimes$			Buildings Map indicates a maximum height of <b>15 m</b> for this site.
if the landscape treatment of the front setback area is compatible with the streetscape in which the building is located,					development has a height of 13.95 m which complies with
is compatible with the streetscape in which the building is located,	landscaped area				
solar access	is compatible with the streetscape in which the				treatment of the front setback area is considered to be incompatible with the streetscape in which the building is located. This is included as a reason for refusal in the
	solar access		$\boxtimes$		

	Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
comr room sunli	re the development provides for one or more munal living rooms, if at least one of those as receives a minimum of 3 hours direct ght between 9am and 3pm in mid-winter,				On the basis of the information provided, it appears that the communal room will receive less than 3 hours direct solar access between 9 am and 12 pm at midwinter. This is included as a reason for refusal in the draft determination.
private	e open space				
	<ul><li>if at least the following private open space areas are provided (other than the front setback area):</li><li>(i) one area of at least 20 square metres with a minimum dimension of 3 metres is provided for the use of the lodgers,</li></ul>	$\boxtimes$			The plans show a common area with approximately 40 m² with minimum dimensions of 3 m at the eastern end of the ground floor.
	(ii) if accommodation is provided on site for a boarding house manager—one area of at least 8 square metres with a minimum dimension of 2.5 metres is provided adjacent to that accommodation,	$\boxtimes$			Accommodation for a boarding house manager is proposed on the ground floor with an adjacent terrace area of 11.8 m². The manager's terrace has minimum dimensions of 2.9 m which complies with the standard.
parkin if:	g				
(i) (ii)	in the case of development carried out by or on behalf of a social housing provider in an accessible area – at least 0.2 parking spaces are provided for each boarding room, and in the case of development carried out by or on behalf of a social housing provider not in an accessible area – at least 0.4 parking spaces are provided for each boarding room, and				The development is not proposed to be carried out by a social housing provider.
(iia)	in the case of development not carried out by or on behalf of a social housing provider - at least 0.5 parking spaces are provided for each boarding room, and	$\boxtimes$			With 11 boarding rooms proposed, a minimum of 5.5 (6) parking spaces are required to be provided. 6 parking spaces are proposed, including one accessible space.
(i)	in the case of any development - not more than 1 parking space is provided for each person employed in connection with the development and who is resident on site,				No spaces have been provided for the on-site manager.

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment			
if each boarding room has a gross floor area (excluding any area used for the purposes of private kitchen or bathroom facilities) of at least:  (i) 12 square metres in the case of a boarding room intended to be used by a single lodger, or  (ii) 16 square metres in any other case				Each boarding room has a minimum area of 12 m² and is to be used by a single lodger. The area calculated excludes bathrooms and kitchen facilities.			
A boarding house may have private kitchen or bathroom facilities in each boarding room but is not required to have those facilities in any boarding room.				Private kitchenette and bathroom facilities have been provided to each proposed boarding room.			
A consent authority may consent to development to which this Division applies whether or not the development complies with the standards set out in subclause (1) or (2).	$\boxtimes$			Noted			
30 Standards for boarding houses							
(1) A consent authority must not consent to developed satisfied of each of the following:	nent to	which	this Div	ision applies unless it is			
(a) if a boarding house has 5 or more boarding rooms, at least one communal living room will be provided,				A communal living room is provided at ground level.			
(b) no boarding room will have a gross floor area (excluding any area used for the purposes of private kitchen or bathroom facilities) of more than 25 square metres,		$\boxtimes$		Rooms 4 and 7 have gross floor area greater than $25m^2$ . This is included as a reason for refusal in the draft determination.			
(c) no boarding room will be occupied by more than 2 adult lodgers,				Each room has capacity for either 1 or 2 lodgers. If consent were to be granted, a condition could be imposed stipulating the total number of occupants for the boarding house, and for each room.			
(d) adequate bathroom and kitchen facilities will be available within the boarding house for the use of each lodger,		$\boxtimes$		Each room has its own bathroom and kitchenette. However, the kitchen facilities do not appear to be adequate given that there is no communal kitchen provided. This is included as a reason for refusal in the draft			

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
				determination.
(e) if the boarding house has capacity to accommodate 20 or more lodgers, a boarding room or on site dwelling will be provided for a boarding house manager,				The maximum occupancy is 16 (based on the room configuration). A manager's room is not required but has been provided at the ground floor. The resultant maximum number of lodgers is 15.
(g) if the boarding house is on land zoned primarily for commercial purposes, no part of the ground floor of the boarding house that fronts a street will be used for residential purposes unless another environmental planning instrument permits such a use,				Site is zoned R4 – High Density Residential
(h) at least one parking space will be provided for a bicycle, and one will be provided for a motorcycle, for every 5 boarding rooms.				A minimum or 2.2 (3) motorbike and 2.2 (3) bicycle spaces are required. Only two bicycle and two motorbike spaces are proposed. This is included as a reason for refusal in the draft determination.
(2) Subclause (1) does not apply to development for the purposes of minor alterations or additions to an existing boarding house.			$\boxtimes$	Proposal is for construction of a new boarding house.
30A Character of local area  Consent must not be granted unless the proposal is consistent with the character of the local area.				The proposal is not consistent with the character of the local area and this is included as a reason for refusal in the draft determination. See discussion in the body of this report.
Clause 52 - No subdivision of boarding houses  A consent authority must not grant consent to the strata subdivision or community title subdivision of a boarding house.	$\boxtimes$			Subdivision is not proposed as part of the application. If consent were to be granted, a condition could be imposed requiring that no subdivision be carried out.